



Hate crime review terms of reference



Published: September 2024

Before you start



This information may upset some people when they are reading it.



If you are upset after reading this document you can talk to your:

- whānau / family
- friends.



free call or text any time



You can also contact Need to Talk by:

- calling 1737
- texting 1737.

It does not cost any money to call / text 1737.

What is in this document



This Easy Read document is from **Te Aka Matua o te Ture Law Commission**.



Te Aka Matua o te Ture Law Commission does research to find out how to make better laws.



It makes **recommendations** to the Government.

The Government cannot tell it what to do.



In this document we will call Te Aka Matua o te Ture Law Commission the Law Commission.











Research is when we:

- look at what things have happened
- try to find ways to do things better.

Making **recommendations** means telling someone what we think they should do.

The Law Commission is doing a **review** of the laws about hate crimes.

Here **review** means looking at:

- how well something is working
- if anything should change.

Hate crimes



A **crime** is when someone:

- does something wrong that harms others
- breaks the **law**.

Laws are rules made by the Government which people must follow.









A **hate crime** is when someone commits a crime against another person / group of people because of things like their:

- race / skin colour
- religion
- gender
- sexuality
- age
- disability.



Gender is if you are:

- a man
- a woman
- another gender like nonbinary.





Your **sexuality** is things like:

- who you are attracted to
- who you want to be in a relationship with
- if you want to be in a relationship or not.



Examples of hate crimes might be:

- someone hitting you because you are disabled
- someone damaging your house because you are gay.



If something is a hate crime it changes the **sentence** the court can give.



It can make the sentence higher / bigger.



Sentence means what a judge says should happen to someone who has committed a crime like:

- going to prison
- paying a fine / money.

About the review



On 15 March 2019 a man with a gun shot a lot of people in 2 masjidain / mosques in Christchurch.



There was a **Royal Commission of Inquiry** to find out:

- how this could have happened
- how to stop it happening again.



A **Royal Commission of Inquiry** is a way for the Government to look into important issues.





The Royal Commission of Inquiry said Aotearoa New Zealand should change the law so that hate crimes are treated more seriously.

The Law Commission review will look at if the laws about hate crimes:

- are working
- should be changed to treat hate crimes more seriously.



The review will also look at if there are more crimes that should be treated as hate crimes.



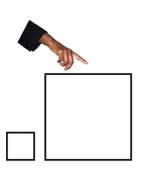




If the Law Commission thinks hate crimes should be treated more seriously the review will look at:

- what hate crimes should be treated more seriously
- which groups of people should be protected
- what the maximum sentence should be.

Protected means kept safe.



Maximum means the most / biggest that something could be.



The review will **not** look at making anything that is not already a crime into a crime.



This means the review will **not** look at things like:

- videos people might find upsetting
- hate speech.



Hate speech means saying things that could stir up hate against a group of people.



The Law Commission will **publicly consult** about the review in early 2025.

Publicly consult means giving everyone a chance to tell the Law Commission what they think.



The Law Commission will write a report about what the review has found out.



The Law Commission will give its report to the Government in 2026.



tēnā koe

kei te pēhea k ei te pai au When it writes the report the Law Commission will remember that **Te Ao Māori** is important.

Te ao Māori means the Māori world.

It includes things like:

- language
- beliefs.



The Law Commission will also remember that Aotearoa New Zealand is a **multicultural society**.





A **multicultural society** means that Aotearoa New Zealand has people from a lot of different:

- places in the world
- cultures.



Culture is a way of:

- thinking that a group shares
- doing things as a group.

More information



You can find out more information on the Law Commission **website** at:

www.lawcom.govt.nz



The website is **not** in Easy Read.



This information has been written by Te Aka Matua o te Ture Law Commission.



It has been translated into Easy Read by the Make it Easy Kia Māmā Mai service of People First New Zealand Ngā Tāngata Tuatahi.



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